Sri H. D. DEVE GOWDA (Holenarsipur).—One calling attention motion could be taken up in the morning and one more could be included in the agenda and taken up within the day itself, if the Chair so desires. The time has to be fixed.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಿರುವಹಾಗೆ ದಿನ ಒಬ್ಬೊಬ್ಬರು ನಿಂತುಕೊಂಡು ಅವರು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕ ಕಾಲಿಂಗ್ ಅಟೆಷನ್ ನೋಟೀಸುಗಳು ಬಹಳ ಅರ್ಜೆಂಟಾಗಿವೆ, ಅವನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. I have therefore included two, just to accommodate the Members.

Sri H. D. DEVE GOWDA.—There have been several occasions when there were two call attention motions; one is taken up after the question hour and the remaining one taken up in the course of the day, whenever the Hon. Speaker permits an hon. Member to call attention to a matter of urgent public importance. This is the practice.

Sri M. S. KRISHNAN (Malleswaram).—Let not an impression be created that we want only one call attention. Even if we have three call attentions we are not opposed to it. Now, it is left to your discretion.

Sri H. S. SIDDAPPA (Arsikere).—When once it has been included in the agenda, it has to be taken up.

MADAM SPEAKER.—I agree.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance.

(i) *re*: Lockout of Taiwac Industries Limited, Dharwar.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಬೈರೇಗೌಡ (ವೇಮಗಲ್).—ನಾನು ಟೈವಾಕ್ ಇಂಡಸ್ಟ್ರೀಸ್ ರಾಕ್‌ಔಟ್ ವಿಚಾರದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರ ಗಮನವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ.

Sri AZEEZ SAIT (Minister for Labour).—Sir, I state as follows.—The General Secretary, Tiwac Industries Workers' Union raised an Industrial dispute through a charter of demands dated 19th January 1972 demanding the revision of wages on the basis of the recommendation of the Central Wage Board for Engineering Industry. Another Union, namely Tiwac Employees' Union had also raised a similar demand. The conciliation proceedings failed. In the meanwhile, the workers started relay hunger strikes. It was also alleged that the Management locked-out the factory from 21st April 1972. One 26th April 1972 the Minister for Labour visited Dharwar and advised the workers to give up hunger strike and the Management to lift the lockout. While the workers gave up hunger strike, the advice of the Minister appeared to have had no effect on the Management. The Government after examination of the matter in all its aspects referred the demand for increased wages for adjudication to the Additional Industrial Tribunal, Bangalore, and in addition prohibited the lock-out declared by the Management.

When the matter referred to in paragraph was under consideration of Government it was further alleged by the workers that about 164 workers were discharged by the Management on 5th May 1972 on the ground that the workers has adopted go-slow-tactics. This was also taken up in conciliation and all efforts made towards conciliation proved futile. However, two meetings between the representatives of the workers and the Management were held on the 7th and 8th June, 1972 in the Chambers of the Minister for Labour to further explore the possibilites of finding a solution. These discussions also proved futile. On 27th June, 1972, another meeting of the workers and the Management was also held in the Chambers of the Minister for Labour and in this meeting a formula for acceptance of both the employer and the employees was suggested. At the final meeting held in the Chambers of the Minister for Labour on 1st July 1972 both the parties came to an amicable settlement. The terms of settlement are reproduced below.

1 The Management agreed to reinstate with effect from 3rd July 1972 without back wages but with continuity of service all the workers whose services have been terminated excepting (i) 12 workers whose names are to be notified by the Management later, and (ii) those workers who have settled their accounts in full satisfaction of all their claims with the company.

2 So far as the absorption of workmen is concerned the details are as follows:—

(*a*) The Management will take to duty 65 workers with effect from 3rd July 1972.

(*b*) In the case of the rest of the workmen, the Management shall pay lay off wages equal to half a day's wage per worker per day for a period of one week from 3rd July 1972 and in the event of their failure to absorb all the workmen, the workmen will be paid full wages till such time they are provided with work in the factory.

(*c*) The Management agrees to pay ex-gratia amount to every worker for the period of unemployment during the period from 21st April 1972 to 3rd July 1972 and the amount payable in this behalf will be decided by the Hon'ble Sri A. R. Badarinarayan Iyengar, Minister for Education.

(*d*) The 12 workmen whose services may not be required by the Management as mentioned in clause (1) above will be paid legal dues that may be due to them.

3 Both the parties agree to withdraw all the points of dispute now pending before the Additional Industrial Tribunal excepting the point of dispute relating to determination of scales of pay for various categories of employees, dearness allowance, fitment and adjustment of dearness allowance and the date of revision of wages, and agree to submit a joint memorandum to the Additional Industrial Tribunal to this effect. Both the workmen and the Management agree to endeavour their best to increase production to the maximum extent possible.

(SRI AZEEZ SAIT)

4 The workmen agree to maintain and observe discipline and take recourse only to constitutional means to redress their grievances.

The Government consider the settlement as fair.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಎಸ್. ಕೃಷ್ಣನ್.—ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಗ್ರೇಷಿಯಾ ಪೇಮೆಂಟನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಕಾಂಪೆನ್‌ಸೇಷನ್ನನ್ನು ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿದ್ಯಾನಚೆವರು ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ಮಾಡಿವ್ವಾರೆಂದು ತಾವು ಹೇಳಿದಿರಿ. ಅದನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆ ಕೊಡಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

† ಶ್ರೀ ಅಜೀಜ್‌ಸೇಟ್.—ನಾನು ಊರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಲಿಲ್ಲವಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾತನಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರು ಏನು ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೋ ಅದರಂತೆ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಗ್ರೇಷಿಯಾ ಪೇಮೆಂಟ್‌ನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡರಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಮತ್ತು ನಾನು ಅವರ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ ಅವರ ಬಾಯಿಂದ ಏನು ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ಬರುತ್ತದೋ ಅದನ್ನು ಕೊಡಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಬೈರೇಗೌಡ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಿದ್ಯಾಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಇಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಇದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರೇ ಒಂದು ಸ್ಟೇಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಅಜೀಜ್‌ಸೇಟ್.—ಅವರು ಸ್ಟೇಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಅವರ ಬಳಿ ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಇನ್ನೂ ಮಾತನಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. I am reperesenting on behalf of the workers in this matter because in his chambers the whole thing was settled. I have to appraise him of my views. He will give a reasonable award.

Sri GOPINATH R. SANDRA.—Are you of the opinion that the lock out declared by the management is illegal ?

Sri AZEEZ SAIT.—That is past story. We had said that the lock out was not justified. We said that this lock-out is not correct in the happy event of a compromise and settlement.

ಶ್ರೀ ಗೋಪಿನಾಥ್ ಆರ್. ಸಾಂದ್ರ.—ಈ ಇಂಡಸ್ಟ್ರಿಯವರು ಲಾಕ್‌ಔಟ್ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗ ತಾವು ಲಾಕ್‌ಔಟ್ ತೆಗೆಯುರಿ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರೂ ಕೂಡ ಅವರು ತೆಗೆಯದೆ ಬಂದ್ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಏನು ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

Sri AZEEZ SAIT.—They are supposed to resume work from 4th. From yesterday the factory must have started.

GOPINATH R. SANDRA.—However you settled the matter and it appeared in the paper and some how the arrangement did not come into effect.

Sri AZEEZ SAIT.—I said after the war peace is permanent. You think of the present. The compromise is there. Why do you want to go back to the past ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಬಿ. ರಾಮಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಈ ಮೇನೇಜ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನವರು ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಬಹಳ ತೀವ್ರವಾದ ರೀತಿಯಿಂದ ವರ್ತನೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಜಾಗ್ರತೆ ಪರಿಹಾರ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೇವೆಂದು ತಾವು ಈಗ ಆಶ್ವಾಸನೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಎಷ್ಟು ದಿವಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಹಾರ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ? ಮತ್ತು ಈಗ ವಾದ ವಿವಾದ ಏನು ನಡೆದಿವೆ ಅದನ್ನು ಕೂಡ ಎಷ್ಟು ದಿವಸಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಹಾರ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಮನಸ್ಸು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಾ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಅಜೀಜ್‌ಸೇಟ್.—ಪರಿಹಾರ ಕೊಡುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಗಿದೆ. ಈಗ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಗ್ರೇಷಿಯಾ ಪೇಮೆಂಟ್ ಕೊಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಿದ್ಯಾಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳ ಬಾಯಿಂದ ಏನು ಬರುತ್ತದೋ ಅಷ್ಟನ್ನು ಕೊಡಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಬೈರೇಗೌಡ.—ಈ ಇಂಡಸ್ಟ್ರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡು ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಯೂನಿಯನ್‌ಗಳು ಇವೆ. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವು ಯಾವ ಯೂನಿಯನ್‌ನ ಅಗ್ರಿಮೆಂಟ್‌ಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

Sri AZEEZ SAIT.—The question does not arise. The agreement is with the recognised union where members are in a majority. That agreement binds all.

(*ii*) *re* : collection of fees from S.C. and S.T. students by some schools in Bangalore

Sri M. H. JAYA PRAKASH NARAYAN (Sirsi).—I call the attention of the Education Minister to the collection of fees from S. C. and S. T. students by some schools in Bangalore.

Sri A. R. BADARINARAYANA (Minister for Education).—Sir, I state as follows :—

Statement to be made by the Minister for Education in respect of Calling Attention Notice No. 66 by Sri M. H. Jaya Prakash Narayan, M. L. A.

The Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes pupils in Primary and High Schools are exempted from payment of all kinds of fees. The question in the Calling Attention Notice relates to collection of fees in the Nandanavana Group of Schools in Vyalikaval, Bangalore, including Vyalikaval Higher Secondary School run by the same management. The Department has instructed all the Inspecting Officers and privately managed schools that no fees should be collected from the Scheduled Castes/Tribes candidates. In spite of this, this particular management which has been running schools referred to in the Call Attention Notice is reported to be in the practice of collecting donations from Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Candidates. According to the information collected, there are 11 Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes students in Kannada Medium Primary School in Standards I to VII and 11 more Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes pupils are studying in the same school in the English Medium Primary Schools in Standards I to VII. The Kannada Medium Primary School of this Management is in receipt of grant in aid from the Department, whereas the English Medium School run by them is recognised but unaided. It is gathered that this Management has been collecting in the form of donation from all students studying in the school including Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Candidates at the time of admission Rs. 3 to 5 as donation, special fees, etc. They have, however, taken the precaution of not collecting any authorised fees such as sports, visual education from the Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Tribes Candidates. Regarding the English Medium, this Management is uniformly collecting Rs. 5 to 8 at the time of admission even from Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Tribes Candidates.